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## PALESTINE TENSION INCREASES

Jerusalem, Feb. 7.  
The rumble of British military traffic echoes ominously throughout all Palestine, which is tense and waiting for the culmination of three chains of events which in the next few days may erupt into a violent climax.

Army battalions moved into new security compounds here, as nearly 1,000 embittered Jews moved out.

Barbed wire "barriers" sprang up in anticipation of a decision which, many believe, will cut this ancient land into Arab and Jewish states.

Next Tuesday may be a day of decision for the Holy Land. It is then, according to highly-placed informants, that an announcement may come from London, following up part of Palestine for "Eretz Israel" (Land of Israel) and keeping the rest of it for the Arabs.

It is then also that Dov Gruner, condemned for terrorism, may walk to the gallows; this may be the signal for violent reprisals from his underground organization, the Irgun Zvai.

Finally, Tuesday is the first day after the deadline for the seven-day ultimatum, given to Jewish leaders by the Palestine Government, to cooperate in bringing terrorists to book.—Associated Press.

### Telephone Threat

Jerusalem, Feb. 8.  
The Greek Orthodox Patriarch, Theodoros, received a telephone call last night in which a mysterious voice said, "We placed a bomb in your patriarchate because the Christians are helping the Jews to take this country away from us," a Government source said today.

The police rushed to the Greek Patriarchate in the old city and found a bomb which exploded where it caused no harm.

The Patriarch told an official who saw him today that he was worried about more such attacks because, he said, "there are fanatics everywhere in every nation."—United Press.

### Escaped

Jerusalem, Feb. 6.  
Isaac Yestornitsky, deputy commander of the Stern Gang, was one of five Jewish terrorists who escaped from a detention camp in Eritrea last November and may now be trying to reach Palestine, it was

# BRITAIN'S BAN ON OVERSEAS SHIPMENT OF COAL

## Temporary Measure To Head Off An "Extremely Serious Situation"

### WINSTON BLAH

London, Feb. 6.  
Mr. Winston Churchill, in a letter on Thursday to a conservative candidate for Parliament, described the British people as "and and dis-illusioned" and attributed it to "the hollowing of Socialist pretensions, the failure of their delirium, and the incapacity of their management."—Associated Press.

## Greatest Tenor A Suspect

London, Feb. 6.  
The Home Secretary, Mr. Chuter Ede, said in the House of Commons today that "appropriate steps" would be taken to bar the famous Italian tenor, Beniamino Gigli, from England if investigation showed the singer to be a Fascist.

Mr. David A. Price-White (Conservative) told Mr. Ede that Gigli in 1943 wrote a book called "Why I am a Fascist." Mr. Ede said he was unaware of the book, but investigation proved it to be other than a work of fiction, he would take action to prevent Gigli from landing in England again.

Mr. Ede said the San Carlo Opera Company, including Gigli, was "not known to include persons having sympathy with the Fascist regime" when it visited England on a concert tour late last year.

Mr. Rhys John Davies (Labour) asked: "Are you aware Gigli is the greatest tenor on earth and is it suggested that Welsh singers should be prevented from going to Italy because they supported a Tory candidate?"

"Unfortunately, I am tone deaf and cannot distinguish between tenor and another," replied Mr. Ede. "I am not responsible for the admission of people in Italy."—United Press.

Officially announced by the Palestine Government tonight. The Palestine Police have been warned to watch for him.—Reuter.

## Russia Hanging On To U.S. Ships

Washington, Feb. 6.  
The U.S. Government for the past year has sought the return of 95 merchant vessels transferred to the Soviet Union under Lend-Lease during the war, Rear-Admiral W.W. Smith, of the Maritime Commission, told the House of Representatives Merchant Marine Committee. The House Committee is considering a resolution to demand the return of both British and Soviet lend-lease vessels in conformity with legislation passed by the last Congress, which forbids the charter of United States vessels to foreign operators.

Questioned as to the terms on which the Russians now held their share of merchant ships, Admiral Smith said that to his knowledge the Government was receiving nothing in return for the use of vessels by the Russians. All efforts of the State Department to reach an understanding with the Russians had been inconclusive, he added.

"The Russians have answered none of our State Department's letters, although we have had informal advice from the Soviet Embassy here that are somewhat noncommittal," Admiral Smith stated.

Some confusion  
One member of the committee, however, said that there was some confusion about the title of the vessels since under the arrangement for the transfer the ships were given exclusively to Russian registry to "avoid" complication with Japan, should they have fallen into Japanese hands before Russia entered the war with Japan.

"Can it be that the Russians, having obtained this fictitious title, now regard the vessels as their own property and our queries as impudent?" the member asked.

## Commons Debate On Crisis

London, Feb. 7.  
Drastic orders prohibiting all overseas shipment of coal which threatened to cut Britain's vital trade in half went into effect today. As the definite fuel crisis in England grew more acute Government announced that the order applied to foreign ships in British ports which needed fuel to sail.

Ministry of Fuel officials emphasize that the measure is temporary, to head off "an extremely serious situation on the coal home front." The seriousness with which the situation is regarded is reflected by the order which, if prolonged, might affect Britain's export drive—key-note of British post-war recovery planning.

The Government has also ordered railway companies to embargo non-priority freight over wide areas to relieve congestion of trains and to let coal deliveries through.

Meanwhile, unemployment figures are soaring toward the 3,000,000 mark as more industrial plants closed for lack of coal.

Continued bad weather with the consequent dislocation of transport brings little hope to Southern England that the dwindling coal supplies will be untroubled soon. Domestic supplies in London are down to less than two weeks and some smaller cities are on a day-to-day basis.

Coal production in South Wales is only 60 per cent of normal. Many pits are clogged with coal waiting for movement. Until it is moved further mining operations were impossible.

With this gloomy situation ammunition. Conservatives and some Labourites are expected to open a heavy attack on the Government in the House of Commons today when the debate on the coal situation opens.

Mr. Ellis Smith, Socialist, indicated the strong feeling yesterday when he risked charges of Party disloyalty by demanding an immediate debate.

He was refused by the Speaker on a technicality but not before other members demanded a debate, indicating that feeling is high.—United Press.

### Commons Debate

London, Feb. 7.  
William Prescott (Con.) today charged the Government with the sole responsibility for the present coal crisis.

Opening the debate in the House of Commons on the coal shortage which has closed hundreds of plants and idled nearly 3,000,000 persons, Prescott said the situation has been worsened because "Government will not face up to the position" and "muddles on month after month."

Prescott said industry constituted the "lifeblood of this country" and suggested if there had to be drastic cuts, moving picture houses and theatres should be closed one day weekly and a partial dim-out introduced in some parts of towns.

"I am appalled at the situation in which we now find ourselves," Prescott said. "It is idle for the President of the Board of Trade to say 'increased production' and then for Minister of Fuel and Power to say 'decrease consumption.' They are irreconcilable."

Much Too Serious  
Mr. Eden (Con.) also told the Commons that Britain was confronted "with the greatest industrial crisis that has faced us in the last 20 years." Speaking slowly and choosing his words carefully, Eden said he had no desire to speak "in any party spirit" because he understood the situation created by the current mid-winter fuel crisis "is very much too serious for that."

Eden accused the Government of "completely misjudging the situation" by taking "too optimistic a view of the gap which had

tors, tolerate his organization's opposition to continued use of lend-lease vessels by foreign operators.—Reuter.

In a public communique, the delegation laid out a plan to end the fighting which has gone on since Dec. 19, but the communiqué concluded: "No other solution can bring peace."

The plan called for:  
1. Immediate cessation of hostilities.  
2. Immediate appointment of an armistice commission.

3. Immediate evacuation of all troops to areas defined by the accords of March and April, 1946.  
4. Stoppage of troops shipments to Indo-China.

5. Opening of negotiations between French officials and Ho Chi-minh's Vietnamese Government on the basis of these accords.

### MONEY WASTED?

Bristol, Feb. 6.  
The City Councillor, R. N. Harrison, who weighs 210 lb., wanted to tour the city's sewers. It took five men a full day to widen a manhole so he could squeeze through. Today, a "useful waste of public money," the City Council promised that it would send a stunner inspector next time.—United Press.

## Break In Cold Wave Expected

London, Feb. 7.  
Freezing weather still prevailed over most of Europe today but weather officials for the first time in two weeks hoped that a final break might come this week-end in the worst European cold wave in 50 years.

Power cuts were again imposed over most of Britain as temperatures stayed around 30 degrees. But Air Ministry officials said a thaw likely over the week-end.

A number of rural villages were isolated by heavy drifts which blocked roads.

From the little town of Jordan in Southwest England came a dramatic message asking for help.

### "Send Bread"

"No bread since January 27—starving—please send bread," the message said. A food truck was dispatched from Princeton immediately but it was having difficulty bucking huge snow drifts.

In Austria, temperatures were ten degrees. The weather bureau said snow was expected in the east and south with an accompanying rise in temperature.

Meanwhile, Austria dug out from the winter's harvest of snow which blocked many country roads and tied up traffic in the cities. Experts reported another cold wave in route from the northwest.

In Frankfurt the temperatures were expected to rise gradually.

(Continued on Page 8, Col. 7.)

## Skymaster Crash Near Madrid

Lisbon, Feb. 7.  
The four-engined Cuban Skymaster airliner "Ruta de Colon" crashed on a mountain peak west of Madrid today and all 11 persons aboard were killed.

An earlier report said there were 12 persons aboard, but it has since been ascertained that the plane carried a crew of eight—including five Americans—and three passengers.

The Spanish authorities said the plane, which was en route to Madrid from Havana, crashed in the Gredos mountain range in Avila Province.

A communique issued by the Civil Governor of Avila Province said the plane crashed near Risco in the county of Gedro Bernate.

It added that search parties reported they reached the wreckage but that the bodies of all aboard were badly charred and burned.

It was said the plane crashed at about 6 p.m. local time. The plane left Lisbon at 2 p.m.

Civil Aviation officials in Madrid reported that the Ruta de Colon, when 150 miles west of Madrid, asked for permission to make a forced landing.

The plane was chartered for the Havana-Madrid service from the Peninsular Air Transport Company of Miami, Florida, and left Havana at 8:30 a.m. Wednesday.—United Press.

### Natal Tragedy

Pietermaritzburg, Natal, Feb. 6.  
Three people were killed when their chartered aircraft crashed in a vulture plantation near here today and then caught fire. There was a mist at the time.—Reuter.

## SUSPECT STICKS TO STORY

Fort Dix, N.J., Feb. 6.  
The bushy-haired soldier suspect, Cpl. Joseph Dumais, refused to be shaken from his story of a "mental blackout during a date" with the Black Dahlia, Elizabeth Short, a few days before her halved body was found in Los Angeles.

Dumais persisted in his story when grilled by investigators. He said he first knew of the slaying when he read the newspapers on Jan. 18.—United Press.

### THE WEATHER

A moderate anticyclone centres over the Yangtze Valley, covering China and the neighbouring seas. A deep depression is moving E to S of the Aleutians. A trough extends from it SW across the Bering Sea to the southern Loochun where a small depression is developing. Pressure is low to the S of the Carolines.

Today's Forecast: Moderate or fresh NE winds; mainly cloudy; cold. Yesterday's Weather: Maximum: 42 deg. F. Minimum: 34 deg. F. Sunshine: 61 hours.

Rainfall: 1 mm. Total since Jan. 1: 49.9 mm. as against an average of 43.2 mm.

Readings at 10 a.m. 4 p.m.  
Bar. at sea: 1022.2 1017.7 mb.  
Rel. Humidity: 85 82 %  
Dew Point: 55 54 deg. F.  
Wind Direction: E WNW  
Wind Force: 15 10 knots.

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## G-Man Head On Red Spies In U.S.

Washington, Feb. 6.  
The Chief of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, Edgar Hoover, considered Gerhard Eiseler the chief liaison between the international Communist organization in Russia and the Communist Party in the United States.

Hoover, in a letter to the immigration authorities written on October 16 last year—which was read into the committee hearing investigation of Eiseler's Communist connections—said that he suspected that Eiseler also might be serving as a Russian spy in the United States.

The House Un-American Activities Committee, which is conducting the investigation this morning, cited Eiseler for contempt when he refused to be sworn in and refused to testify. Eiseler who described himself as a German Communist refugee, was taken to the District of Columbia jail and later will be returned to Ellis Island, New York.

Eiseler was described in Hoover's letter as guiding American Communist activities and also as a Communist representative in other parts of the world.

Shuttle Service  
The Committee counsel, Robert Stripping, said Eiseler had sworn several times previously that he had never been in the United States prior to June 1941 but the attorney said, "We are prepared to show that Eiseler has shuttled back and forth between the United States and the Soviet Union since 1933."

Eiseler, in refusing to be sworn in to testify, demanded that he be allowed to issue a statement without taking an oath. The Committee refused. Eiseler gave a statement to reporters.

He said: "I am not a spy, not a foreign agent and not a boss of all Reds in this or in any other country. I never did anything harmful to the American people, for whom I have a great deal of sympathy. I am a German Communist—a political refugee wanting to go home."—United Press.

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continued to take notes while his two white-robed Chinese defense counsel sat silently behind him.

The spectators today, who numbered approximately 400, applauded loudly when Chen Yaobang vice-chairman of the Nanjing City Council who reported the findings of a 63-man committee formed to investigate alleged Japanese massacres, appealed that the tribunal severely punish Tan and the other Japanese who were tried.—Reuter.

These included an 84-year-old woman who said her son was bayoneted to death. Before the court recessed more than 50 such witnesses had been called.

Throughout the proceedings this afternoon Tan maintained the stand he took yesterday, that within his garrison around Chungshan Gate no atrocities were committed by his troops.

Standing in the dock he con-

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## Dies As Result Of Robbery

An armed robbery at 45 Pitt Street, third floor, at 10.30 a.m. on Nov. 1 last had a sequel at Kowloon yesterday when Mr. Latimer, Coroner, conducted an inquiry into the death of Chan Choi-wong, 21-year-old concubine of Yip Hui-sai, who died of suffocation as the direct result of the robbery.

Medical evidence given by Dr. Holloway, of the Kowloon Hospital, revealed that deceased had bruises on both wrists and both ankles, and a 3-inch scratch on the left side of the neck. Two handkerchiefs, one white and one multicoloured, were

found inside her mouth, with the white one inserted fairly far down her throat. The cause of death was suffocation due to occlusion of the pharynx glands, said witness.

Dr. Holloway concluded his evidence with the remark that, contrary to Press reports at that time, there was no sign of pregnancy.

Lo Kwan, another concubine of Yip and living in the same flat as deceased, stated that about 10.30 a.m. on the morning in question she heard a knock at the door and a voice asking for "Ah Kwan." When deceased asked who was at the door, the person said, "Ah Choi, open the door." On the door being opened two strange Chinese males, one armed with a revolver, entered and drove the two women into the kitchen.

Despite the threat of death, continued Li, both she and deceased shouted out "Save life," whereupon she was pushed on to the floor by one of the men, dressed in white, and bound with ropes.

Deceased was crying fairly loudly and one of the men said to the other, "Put a handkerchief into her mouth." Chan was accordingly gagged and bound with wires.

Prior to deceased being gagged witness heard her asking one of the robbers whether he wanted life or property and his reply, "I want property. Produce your jewellery." Shortly after that the robbers, who had been joined by two others, left. Witness on turning round saw Chan lying motionless on the floor.

Continuing, witness said that she raised the alarm and neighbours, including a woman, arrived and untied her bonds. It was then noticed that Chan was dead. Deceased was lifted on to her bed in a cubicle, and the Police sent for, said Li.

ADCI C. Mottram, who appeared for the Police in reply to the Coroner stated that the two handkerchiefs were inserted so far down deceased's throat that they were not discovered until the post-mortem the following day.

After further evidence, corroborating that given by Li, Mr. Latimer returned a verdict of "Murder by some person or persons unknown."

## New War Crimes Trial

A new war crimes trial starts on Monday when the accused will be the Commanding Officer of the Eastern Kemptai Headquarters, Capt. Shibata Shigeo, and a member of the same Japanese Gendarmerie station, Sgt. Major Oba Takao.

They are charged with having been together concerned, between Aug. 13, 1943, and Feb. 19, 1945, in the ill-treatment of civilian residents of Hong Kong in custody at the Eastern Kemptai Headquarters, causing the death of some and physical suffering to others, this being in violation of the laws and usages of war.

## KILLED BY HIT AND RUN LORRY

A verdict of "Manslaughter by some person unknown" was returned by Mr. Blair-Kerr, sitting as Coroner at Kowloon yesterday at the conclusion of the inquiry into the death of Lam Lai-ki, a 17-year-old Chinese girl, on Dec. 25 last.

It was revealed by the Police, represented by Inspector J. Scrim, that while Lam and a girl friend were walking along Sikung Road, near the Kai Tak aerodrome, a fairly heavy truck of the type used by the R.A.F. came up from behind, mounted the pavement and ran into Lam. This truck, it was alleged, was driven by a European in R.A.F. uniform. This driver, neither stopped his vehicle nor made any report of the accident to the Police.

## "SAI ON" TRAGEDY

The "China Mail" was informed yesterday afternoon that 45 bodies recovered from the burnt out "Sai On" have been identified.

A large number of friends and relatives have been attending at the Public Mortuary daily, but in the majority of cases, identification of the victims has been rendered impossible in consequence of the badly mutilated state of the bodies.

# British Troops In Japan Have One Main Desire

## Shortening Of The Term Of Service

(By Margaret Bradbury)

With the non-fraternisation ban still in existence, and a shortage of leave-hostels and recreational facilities, British Commonwealth forces in Japan have one main desire—a shortening of the present 24-year occupation term which they must fulfil in that country.

At a press conference here yesterday Mr. Geoffrey de Freitas, Britain's Permanent Under-Secretary of State for Air, who had just returned from a short visit to Japan where he had been reviewing the conditions of British Service personnel, said: "In Japan there are very few cities with amenities for the troops. The individual stations themselves have gone a long way in providing what they can in the way of social amenities and, entertaining, but leave-hostels are still few. On the other hand, morale is high among the men, and living conditions are good. At present we are unable to make any exceptions in the lessening of occupation service for men serving in Japan."

Mr. de Freitas, who left England on an extensive tour with the intention of finding out about conditions under which officers and men of the R.A.F. overseas are living, has already visited Iraq, India, Burma, Malaya and Indo-China.

An Experiment

This morning he left by air for Bangkok, Malaya, Ceylon, India, Aden, East Africa, Southern Rhodesia, the Sudan, Egypt, Palestine and England.

Following his visit to Japan Mr. de Freitas said yesterday: "It was my intention to find out how the very interesting scheme of Commonwealth Air Force is working. As a study of the way in which Commonwealth command can be integrated it is of the greatest importance at this time."

There are lessons in this experiment for the whole of the United Nations," Mr. de Freitas said that there would be a United Nations Force eventually and the study of how various nationalities were successful in a combined force was of tremendous importance for the future.

Questioned as to the comparison of conditions at present between R.A.F. serving personnel in Japan and Hong Kong he replied: "While amenities in camps in Japan are good and leave-hostels are improving I would not like to make a general comparison."

Mr. de Freitas had no comments to make on the suitability of Kai Tak as the Colony's major airport apart from the statement that: "It was originally designed

## Formosan POW Camp Verdict

Found guilty as charged, Lieut. Tamaki Koji, Sgt. Chiba Arashi and Sgt. Fujio Horoji were yesterday sentenced by No. 7 War Crimes Court to 15 years, 12 years and 12 years imprisonment respectively.

The findings and sentences of the Court are subject to confirmation. The case was heard before Lieut. Col. F. C. Ball (President), Major M. I. Ormsby and Captain E. F. Gower (Members).

Major R. C. Lai was Prosecuting Officer, while accused was represented by Mr. Takano Junjiro, assisted by Captain J. N. Whitworth as Adviser.

The accused were charged with having committed a war crime in that they, at Heilo Camp, Formosa, between July 1942 and March 1945, whilst members of the Camp Staff of Heilo Camp, were, in violation of the laws and usages of war, concerned in the ill-treatment of POWs in their custody, causing suffering to many and contributing to the death of some.

Lieut. Tamaki was also charged in that he, at Kokoku Camp, Formosa, between May and August 1943, whilst a member of the Camp Staff, was in violation of the laws and usages of war, concerned in the ill-treatment of POWs in his custody, causing suffering to the said POWs.

After the findings had been announced and before sentence was passed, Tamaki addressed the Court in mitigation on behalf of his subordinates, Chiba and Fujio. With tears in his eyes, Chiba said that he had done his best for the POWs and expressed surprise over the fact that he should be charged with ill-treatment of POWs when he had only struck one of them once. Fujio did not make any plea in mitigation.

Passengers leaving Hong Kong for Japan should possess valid certificate of inoculation against typhus.

## Sequel To Accident In Chatham Road

Carter Korolevsky, an American who claimed to be an employee of CNRRA, arrived in Hong Kong from China on Tuesday, Feb. 4. Two days later, after having filled his innards with the spirit that cheers, he wended his way to the CNRRA garage at Chatham Road and, despite the opposition of the watchman on duty, climbed onto truck No. 5625 and drove it out on to Chatham Road, going in the direction of Hung Hom.

When rounding a right hand bend near the railway bridge, Korolevsky, driving on the wrong side of the road and at a speed estimated to be over 30 m.p.h., noticed a car coming towards him from the opposite direction. He went back to his side of the road but, later, crossed over to the other side and went bang into the side of the car, a public vehicle, with such force as to push back the whole of the front part of the car, dislodged the seats, wrenched open one of the doors and threw one of the seats on to the roadway. The car itself was pushed back about 10 feet.

The driver of the public car sustained head injuries which necessitated his going to the hospital and having a few stitches put in.

On arrival at the scene at about 1 p.m., Inspector Scrim found Korolevsky nearby, drunk and smelling strongly of liquor. The Inspector sent him to the Kowloon Hospital where, on being examined by Dr. Holloway, he was certified to be drunk.

To make matters worse for him, Korolevsky was found to have driven the truck without the permission of the owners and to be in non-possession of the necessary driver's licence. The damage sustained by the public car, insured by the China Underwriters, was estimated at about \$4,000.

The above facts, related to Mr. Latimer at Kowloon yesterday by Inspector Scrim, were not contested by Korolevsky when he appeared before the Magistrate on the charges of driving under the influence of drink, reckless driving, driving without the permission of the owner or licensee, and driving without a licence.

His Worship informed Mr. Wm. C. Hung, who held a watching brief on behalf of the insurers, that he would not make any order regarding compensation as he did not desire to prejudice any action which the complainants might take.

Addressing the accused, Mr. Latimer emphasised the seriousness of the charges made against him and that, if the driver of the other car had sustained more serious injuries, he would have found himself in a more serious position. While appreciating the fact that a man under the influence of drink would often do things which he would regret later, continued His Worship, the case under review was a very serious one. Without any reason or right he, accused, took out a truck that did not belong to him and drove it without the permission of the owners. He could easily have been involved in a fatal accident, said His Worship to defendant as "you were definitely drunk."

Continuing, Mr. Latimer said that he would take into consideration the fact that defendant was a newcomer to the Colony and would, therefore, administer a caution on the third and fourth charges. The first two counts were, however, serious ones and the maximum penalty of \$250 or six months' hard labour would be imposed on the first charge. On the second charge, accused was fined \$150 or three months' hard labour. "The two sentences to run consecutively, and not concurrently," concluded His Worship.

LOCAL ESTATES.

Local estate sworn under \$30,000 was left by Mrs. Priscilla Pinbow Elliott, of Devon, who died on Aug. 29, 1945, in England. Application for sealing the certified copy of probate of will has been granted to Mr. H. J. Armstrong, solicitor-at-law, for Mr. E. E. Hitchcock, who is the executor of Mrs. Elliott's estate.

Application for sealing the certified copy of probate of will has been granted to J. A. D. Morrison, chief accountant of the Hong Kong & Shanghai Banking Corporation, a lawful attorney for Mr. P. A. G. Eagle and Miss M. S. Bassett, of Cardiff, who are the appointed trustees of local estate sworn under \$10,500, left by Mr. Charles Edward Macdonald, who died in Cardiff on April 18, 1942.

Major Donald Maitland James, who died on war service on Dec. 19, 1941, left local estate sworn under \$2,500. Application for sealing the certified copy of probate of will has been granted to Mr. J. A. D. Morrison, chief accountant of

## New Floor Show At Gloucester

The Gloucester Hotel Ballroom is to be invaded tonight by a new cabaret (at least in the shape of the Nelson Sisters, a fiery blonde dance team with a trunkful of theories as to what music ought to do to people.

New-fangled angles on how the human species should react to melody came upon the Nelson Sisters at an age when they should have been more intent on their alphabet. Inevitable jitters in pinafiores, they were put by worried non-theatrical parents under the care of such mentors of the terpsichorean art as could cope with them.

The ultimate result has been the production of a dance team with an eye for the discipline of recognised steps through that part of the evening that is generally referred to as "young."

The trouble with the sisters is that they are of a moody disposition. Some time late in the evening peculiar notions begin to function with them as musical interpretation in the dance.

An attempt by our reporter to psycho-analyse the Nelson Sisters failed of achievement. They are a team of four, of whom two are now in Hong Kong. Of the two here, one known to Shanghai night-life as "The Little One" happens to be the eldest and the youngest.

Spokeswoman for them was Miss Olga Nelson who, beside being an able impressionist, understands the vital force behind the savage daubs of the Impressionist School of art. Olga is equally conversant on the subjects of the Doubtful Duchess, Dante and Desdemona.

She has apt explanations on the vagaries of the artistic mind of the type that would have kept the late Sigmund Freud stroking his beard. She believes that the human temperament cannot remain balanced without a due share of "suffering" and advises women to temper their livelier moments with an occasional retirement to chambers for a long mutter over the lines of all the more tragic heroines of the drama. An exercise of this type, Miss Nelson recommends, would round out a milady's personality.

"The Little One" is a contrast. She sits and smiles for half-hours and says nothing. She soliloquises in verse on landscapes and writes tales of the meanderings of little people. She is more interested in "What Katy Did" than in what Dante would have accomplished without the magic of a Beatrice aloof.

Yet, the Nelson Sisters work together as a team. The "Mood" takes them at precisely the same moments. They get equally lost in a Comanche War Dance or in a Gipsy Potpourri. They can discipline themselves to the strict form of the ballet or to the timing of acrobatic dances. They have appeared in light opera and are as much at home as demure Indian maids in a tepee, or as jealous kypsy girls lost in a Bohemian nightmare.

POSSESSION OF OPIUM.

The time-worn excuse of being given the goods to carry by some one, tendered by Mak Mui, female, when she appeared before Mr. Latimer at Kowloon on the charge of possession of 45 taels raw opium at the K.C.R. station on Feb. 6, was not accepted by His Worship who, expressing regret that the Ordinance did not permit him to impose a heavier penalty, fined accused the maximum of \$2,500 or six months' hard labour in default.

Revenue Officer Redman, prosecuting, said that the opium was found hidden among some bundles of Chinese joss paper. Defendant pleaded that the paper was given to her at Shumchun by a Chinese to carry past the gates at the Kowloon railway station. She was promised a fee of CN\$10,000 for the job. On seeing her being questioned, she said, the man slipped away.

THE HONG KONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION, a lawful attorney for the widow, Mrs. Helen Neate Murray, of Somerset.

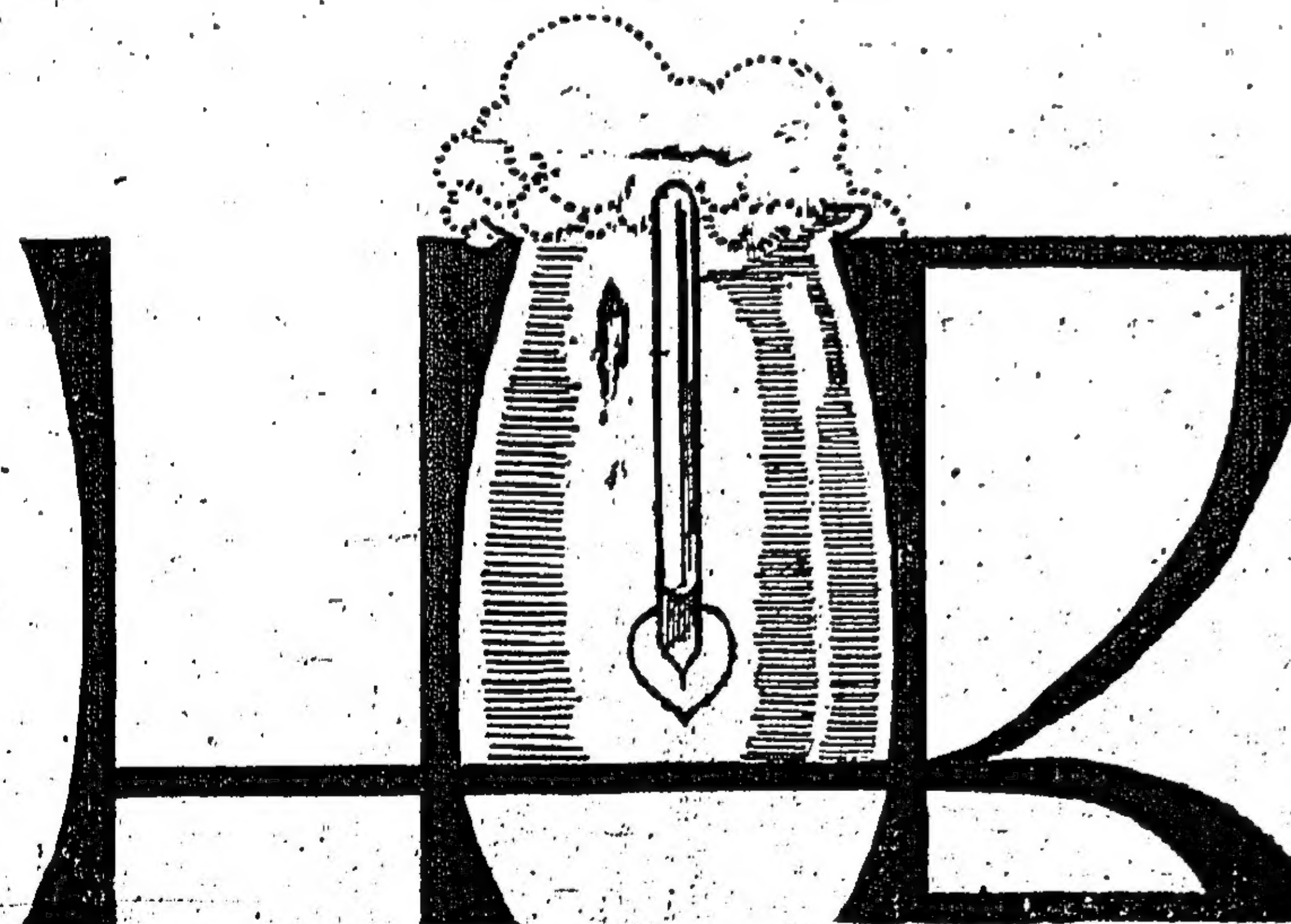
Mr. Robert Robert Horne, late of Singapore, who died at sea on Jan. 24, 1942, left local estate sworn under \$4,400. Application for sealing the certified copy of probate of will has been granted to Mr. T. C. Hutchison, lawful attorney for the Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China.

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## REDUCTION IN PRICE OF



We have great pleasure in announcing to our esteemed Customers and to the General Public of Hongkong that, due to lower costs of principal raw materials, and the assistance given to us by the Hongkong Government (Supplies, Trade & Industry Department), a reduction in the price of H. B. BEER will become effective as from 1st February, 1947, and that the deposit charged on bottles has been abolished.

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## Obituary

George Smirnoff

The sudden death late on Thursday night of Mr. George V. Smirnoff, civil engineer and architect, comes as a great shock to a wide circle of friends both in Hong Kong and Macao although he had been in indifferent health for many months.

The late Mr. Smirnoff was 44 years of age and leaves a widow and three children. He graduated from the Harbin Polytechnical Institute in 1927 and was for some years in Tsingtao where he successfully practised as an architect.

He came to Hong Kong in 1933 and was associated with Messrs. Marsman (Hong Kong, China) Ltd. until the outbreak of the Pacific War. He spent the latter part of the war years in Macao.

Returning to Hong Kong in October, 1945, he was connected until the end of last year with the Architectural Office, Public Works Department. He had been convalescing from a disease of the nerves prior to returning to Marseilles.

A very able painter in water colours, the late Mr. Smirnoff was, before the war, an active member of the local Artists' Guild and gave a number of exhibitions of his work.

While in Macao during the war he worked indefatigably on a perfection of his technique as a painter of seascapes and it is in his work of this period that is considered the best of his career.

Possessed of a wide range of interests that embraced everything from painting and music to literature and mathematics, he leaves a wide circle of friends to mourn his loss.

A Requiem Mass was held last evening at the Russian Orthodox Church, Kowloon, and the funeral will take place at 3 p.m. today at the Colonial Cemetery, Happy Valley.

## Readers' Letter

### Local Appointees

Sir—An article entitled "Local born given 'European posts' appearing in the "China Mail" of 5th February, contained the following sentence:-

As is clearly evident from a study of White Paper No. 197 of 1946 it is the declared policy of His Majesty's Government that the salaries of all posts in the public service should be determined according to the nature of the work and the relative responsibility, irrespective of the race or domicile.

There is no reference to qualification—one would naturally assume that equal qualifications would be demanded of local appointees.

As Medical Officers are among the first to be promoted it may reasonably be asked if the training and standards of Hong Kong Medical graduates are equivalent to those of European M.O.s who are trained, mainly, in the United Kingdom.

Even the greatest admirers of the Hong Kong University would hardly maintain that its standards are as high as those of medical schools in the United Kingdom. Owing to financial stringency the Hong Kong University has neither the laboratories nor equipment of the home medical schools.

No one would dispute the fact that the local Medical Faculty is inferior, both quantitatively and qualitatively, to those of the medical schools in the United Kingdom. The University Authorities are in no way to blame for this state of affairs which, indeed, arises from geographical reasons and financial considerations.

One has but to peruse the Hong Kong University Calendar, or even the Dollar Directory, to notice that some of the Lecturers in special subjects have no diplomas in these particular subjects. Some have lectured in widely separated subjects, and others lecture on special subjects, although they have never been trained in special hospitals, or special departments of large general hospitals, devoted to their particular subjects. The Hong Kong University medical graduate is handicapped through no fault of his own and it would only be fair to him that more scholarships to the United Kingdom or elsewhere should be made available and that arrangements for "exchange" professors and lecturers should be made.

However, things being as they are, our "local" medicals cannot reasonably expect to be put on the same footing as their British colleagues. In fairness to the latter it has to be remembered that normally they do not indeed cannot join the Colonial Medical Service until they have devoted some years to post-graduate work, usually at purely nominal rates of pay. On the other hand, the local graduate usually joins the Govt. Service very shortly after graduation and, if he remains in the service, has full pension rights in respect of his whole service.

It is to be debated if the average local graduate takes as much interest in scientific progress as does his colleague from the United Kingdom. The lack of opportunity to take post-graduate courses is not the fault of the locally recruited medical officer but it is to the credit of the United Kingdom recruited M.O.s that, in fact, the majority devote part of their leave to post-graduate studies and refresher courses.

All in all the local graduate, although deserving a much higher salary scale than he enjoys at present, should not expect to receive the same remuneration as the more intensively, extensively and expensively trained British doctor.

### ANTI-HUMBUG.

### FISHING EXPERTS

Thirty-five fishing experts from New Zealand, on their way to Shanghai to work with UNRRA for the rehabilitation of the Chinese fishing industry, arrived in Hong Kong on Thursday, by Cathay Pacific Airways from New Zealand and left yesterday for Shanghai.

Their task in China is to teach new methods and developments in the fishing industry under the auspices of UNRRA.



**APPEAL BY MANAGER OF  
THE LUK KOK HOTEL** MacArthur

**"JANE"**

...SO YOU SUSPECT  
THIS CLOWN SILENCE  
OF SABOTAGING

IT'S AS PLAIN AS AUNT SOPHIE'S FACE, GEORGIE!— BUT I CAN'T UNDERSTAND

It was the driver's response

I THINK I CAN ENLIGHTEN YOU, DARLING!—SILAS IS HER

ONE MOMENT, OFFICER!—  
I SHUT YOU UP HERE FOR  
YOUR OWN PROTECTION, BUT

Original Depth  
approximately 6'  
all wood

Hongkong, 8th February, 1941

requested to submit such claims, with supporting details, where possible, to the registered office of the Company, Kowloon Docks, Hung Hom, Kowloon, or before 28th February, 194

7. If any person, having knowledge of the death and/or burial of Canadians in Hong Kong during the period of hostilities, communicates with the War Graves, Room 18,

Office Building, 3rd  
Telephone 24190.  
J. A. BAILIE, Lt. Col.  
Canadian War Graves (P)  
Hongkong, 5th February,  

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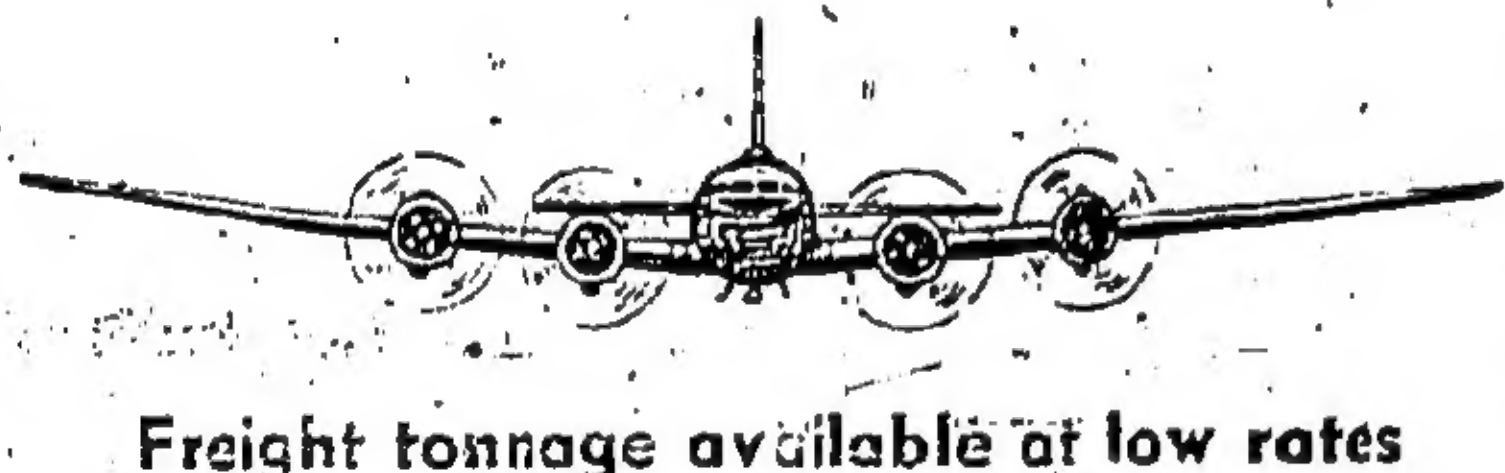
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## DEATH

SMIRNOFF, GEORGE V.—Beloved husband of Nina, and father of Irina, Nina and Sasha. Passed away suddenly at 41 years of age on the night of Thursday, the 6th February, 1947. The funeral will take place at 3 p.m. today (Saturday) at the Colonial Cemetery, Happy Valley. (Shanghai and Macao papers, please copy).

## BREAKDOWN

In spite of the eleven-hour efforts of the British Ambassador, Nokrashy Pasha, the Egyptian Premier has made it known that Egypt has decided to break off negotiations for the revision of the Anglo-Egyptian Treaty of 1936, and to submit the Egyptian case to the Security Council of the United Nations. That sorry outcome of months' negotiations, which the British Government began by announcing its willingness to abandon the more important obligations of the Treaty of 1936, may have consequences that Egyptian nationalist opinion in its present excited state will not find welcome. What Egypt seeks is not the nominal sovereignty over the Sudan that Mr. Bevin appears to have conceded in the unpublished Protocol drawn up in London last autumn, but a permanent union with Egypt as the dominant partner. The Security Council, constituted as it is, is not likely to favour a people to whom future independence has been promised being put into subordination to the rule of a neighbour. Negotiations have been broken off on this sole point of the future status of the Sudan. The other cardinal matter in the projected treaty, the withdrawal of British troops from Egyptian soil, has already begun, although in the absence of agreement the whole of the conditions of the 1936 Treaty, under which our troops may remain in the Canal zone, would remain in force until 1956. Differences over the Sudan, are remote in their bearings, since by common consent it must be long before the Sudanese reach the political maturity at which they can decide their own future. But British opinion will remain strong behind the contention of Mr. Bevin that the Sudanese shall be left free to decide in due course whether they desire full independence or whether they are prepared to accept the Egyptian contention that Egypt and the Sudan are one and indivisible. Many pledges in this connection have been given to the Sudanese, and we are in honour bound to see that nothing is now done that limits the choice that the Sudanese will ultimately have to make. The future form of government is not a matter to be decided by the clamours of the Cairo populace.

Admittedly the issue is complicated by differences between the two political parties the Ashigga and the Umma—which have any kind of organisation in the Sudan. Both are small in membership in a country the majority of whose inhabitants are content with the present regime. Umma stands for complete independence. Ashigga for union with Egypt, with ser limits to Egyptian sovereignty. Apart from their religious differences, the gulf that separates the two sects is the fear on the part of the pro-Egyptian Ashigga that victory for Umma would mean the revival of Mahdism. In this internal quarrel we can have no part. The sole British concern is that the great work done in the years of the condominium shall not be destroyed, or the Sudan subjected again to the conditions that led to revolt. On what grounds Egypt will take the dispute to the United Nations is not clear, for apart from the Sudan an acceptable settlement had been reached on all matters in dispute. If such an appeal is to be made, the British Government will expect a prior understanding that the decision, whatever it be, will be accepted by the Egyptian Government.

When the vast amount of data collected by the scientists and other observers of the atom bomb tests at Bikini Atoll is sifted valuable new facts about the terrible destructive power of nuclear fission will become known. Less spectacular, but of incalculable value to the world is the work now going on to harness atomic energy for power in peaceful industry.

Some idea of the vast potential store of energy in the atom may be obtained from a recent statement by an expert who estimated that one teacupful of mercury atoms exploded would drive a locomotive pulling 120 goods wagons 270,000 miles.

Britain, whose scientists carried out much of the fundamental research into atomic energy, will make her contribution to the world's knowledge at the Didcot Atomic Energy Station in Berkshire. An important factor in its ultimate success is the fact that it is under the Directorship of Professor Sir John Cockcroft, a tall retiring physicist of Cambridge University and the first man to achieve the alchemists' dream the transmutation of the elements.

## Theory of Radio-Activity

Since John Dalton gave scientific precision to the theory of Democritus, eighteen hundred years before him, that the material universe is made up of atoms, scientists in Britain and other parts of the Commonwealth have travelled step by step on the road to the Atomic Age. One step that was really a leap forward was the work of Lord Rutherford and Professor Sir J. J. Thomson who showed that a chemical atom is not an indivisible bit of matter but consists of a central nucleus carrying a positive charge of electricity and surrounded by a series of electrons of the same number as that of the net positive charges in the nucleus.

Working with Professor Frederick Soddy at McGill

## Atomic Age Plan By British Scientists

University, Montreal, Rutherford put forward their theory of radio-activity. Writing in the "Philosophical Magazine" for 1902 they stated: "Since, therefore, radio-activity is at once an atomic phenomenon and accompanied by chemical

By STANLEY NELSON

changes in which new types of matter are produced, these changes must be occurring within the atom, and the radioactive elements must be undergoing spontaneous transformation."

## Alpha Rays

Three kinds of radiations were later discovered:—Alpha-rays: particles charged with positive electricity and identical with the nuclei of helium atoms.

Beta-rays: negative charged particles which are separate electrons.

Gamma-rays: identical with X-rays of a very short wavelength.

It will be remembered that it was gamma-rays from materials made temporarily radioactive by the explosion of the Hiroshima bomb that proved such a menace for several days after the bomb fell.

## Transmutation By Machinery

The properties of every chemical element depend on the number of fundamental units in the atom. By changing this number, the transmutation of elements becomes possible—uranium can be changed to lead, lead to gold—and thus the dream of the medieval alchemists is given a sound theoretical foundation. In recent years most of the known elements have been found capable of transmutation by bombarding their atomic nuclei with swift atomic projectiles.

## Vampire Man Sobs "I Did It"

Paris, Feb. 6.

The police said that Andre Felix, 25-year-old gardener and former Axis collaborator, confessed today that he was the "Vampire" who mauled and bit four women in the Paris suburb of Rueil, terrorizing the inhabitants. Felix, who was sentenced to national indignity in 1945 for intelligence work with the Gestapo, broke down and confessed to the last of the four attacks late this afternoon, the police said. They quoted him as sobbing "I did it! Something inside me made me do it!"

## Plain Speaking To Russian Marshal

Berlin, Feb. 6.

A "blunt language" reply has been made by Sir Brian Robertson, British deputy military governor, in occupied Germany, to the recent action of the Soviet commander-in-Chief, Marshal Sokolovsky, in publishing the terms of his recent sharp attack on the Anglo-American Allies over the preparation of the control commission for the Moscow conference on the German treaty.

Sir Brian's statement, delivered at yesterday's meeting of the Co-ordinating Committee of the Council, became available here tonight. It contained a reaffirmation of the British desire for an early settlement of the German problem, warning that the British would defend themselves against any continuation of attacks on the outspoken declaration that Britain would not be "bludgeoned" into accepting the ideas of other powers on the German question by any "campaign of vilification."

The statement raised, with General Kurochkin, the Soviet representative on the Committee, the question of the appearance in the press of the text of Marshal Sokolovsky's statement to the Control Council on January 20.

## NEW ATLANTIC AIR RECORD

Shannon Airport, Feb. 6. The American Airlines Constellation "Philadelphia" today cracked the record time for west-bound flights across the Atlantic by 20 minutes.

## Sub's Part In Future War

Washington, Feb. 6.

The House of Representatives Armed Forces sub-committee told that the submarine may prove even more valuable in an atomic war—today, approved legislation authorizing the U.S. Navy to build two \$9,000,000 undersize raiders incorporating developments of World War II.

Vice-Admiral Earle Mills, Chief of the Bureau of Ships, testified the Navy wants to start without delay in testing radical ideas and devices developed by this country, Germany and other nations during the war.

Mills said the results of the Bikini atom bomb tests indicate the "submarine may even be more important in the next war."—United Press.

Transmutation by machinery was first accomplished by the English scientists J. D. Cockcroft and E. T. S. Walton, improving on Rutherford's use of the X-particle, for disintegrating the atom they devised a machine that could accelerate atoms to enormous speeds. And thus it was possible to release some of the enormous stores of energy by which the parts of the nuclei of atoms are bound together.

It is that energy which is released by the atomic bomb and it is that energy which the scientists of Britain are now endeavouring to "tame" for industrial use.

## Solution Not Far Away

The problem is this:—When the atomic nuclei of uranium 235 (the number indicates its atomic weight) are bombarded with neutrons (discovered in 1932 by Professor James Chadwick) they undergo fission producing energy and more neutrons. These neutrons cause further fissions, with the release of still more neutrons, and this process continues indefinitely. In the bomb this chain-reaction as it is called takes place at terrific speed causing the explosion.

If this reaction can be slowed down a source of continuous steady power can be obtained. One method of doing this already tried is by means of a pile—a lattice structure incorporating pure graphite, strips of cadmium to absorb neutrons and check the reaction if it seems to be getting out of hand, and various other control devices. Objection to this is that the heat thus obtained is not of a high enough temperature for industrial purposes.

But though a sound technique for setting the "tamed" energy to work has not yet been worked out, the solution cannot be far round the corner.

## Power On Tap

At first, it is believed, nuclear energy will be supplied from large scale plants, adequately safeguarded from radiative emissions, for heating, lighting and industrial power. It has been calculated that one pound of U-235 equals 11,400,000 kilowatt hours of electricity, 1,500 tons of coal and 200,000 gallons of petrol.

From devastating destroyer to maid of all work in the coming industrial revolution seems a big step for atomic power, but Britain's scientists who played such a large part in its discovery and development so far will lose no time in applying it to useful ends.

## BARCLAY ON BRIDGE

By Shepard Barclay

"The Authority on Authorities"

## LET HIM PLAY THE HAND

If you have none too strong an opening suit bid and your partner makes a one-over-one response in another suit, you don't know whether he is strong in general or weak. But if your own rebid is followed by his minimum rebid of the suit he showed first, you have no license to count on him for a thing except considerable length in that suit. His bid is as near to a complete sign-off as exists in the game, barring a pass. It warns you that the pair will probably be better off playing in his suit, with you laying down a fair dummy, they with you playing it and a worthless dummy opposite you.

S 8  
H A 10 9 6 5 4  
D K 8 7  
C A Q 5

SA 9 4 N S 7 5 2  
H J 8 H K Q 8 2  
DA J 9 6 W E D Q 10 3  
C 8 7 6 4 S C K J 10

S K Q J 10 6 3  
H 7  
D 6 4 2  
C 9 3 2

(Dealer: West, North-South vulnerable.)  
West North East South  
Pass 1H Pass 1S  
Pass 2H Pass 2S  
Pass 3H

And right there South dropped out of the bidding at the very worst time. His partner should have dropped out after hearing the 2Spades sign-off rebid, and that contract could have been made without much ado, one trick being lost in trumps and two in each minor. Besides a nice part-score of 60.

## CARNIVAL

By Dick Turner



"Now then, Gadsden, what's all this vicious, subversive talk I hear about you wanting to go home yesterday with a headache?"

## Relations Between Officers And Men

One of the most important features of the RAF's gradual return to peace-time conditions is the renewed stress laid on the importance of the relations between officers and men, and of the officer's responsibilities towards his men, summed up in the phrase "man management." In peace even more than in war, the efficiency and happiness of the Service as a whole demands that each and every officer is not only a flying and a fighting man, but is also an administrator and a commander; and the first duty of a commander in peace or war is to look after his men. During the war and the period immediately after it most junior officers were too busy with their aircrew and other specialist duties to exercise effectively their responsibility for the supervision, training, and welfare of their men. With the rapid and enormous war-time expansion of the RAF, in the stress of total war, there was not time to train all officers thoroughly up to peace-time standards in this aspect of their duties.

For man-management in the sense of commanding and leading the men placed under their

control is not a specialist job, and it is now being emphasised as a permanent officer's many of them only recently selected, that this is the primary purpose for which they are commissioned. So important is this subject considered that all those officers who were commissioned during the war and have since been granted permanent or extended service commissions are being sent to training units for special instruction in their duties and responsibilities as officers. In effect it is a life-long process of education which begins when a man is first being trained as an officer, when he is given a course in administration, organisation and his responsibilities to his men in addition to his flying or technical training. As he proceeds in his Service career his education in these matters is continued in part by filing posts in which these responsibilities are particularly pronounced and varied, and in part by the guidance and example of his senior officers.

## Basis Of Leadership

In so much as these responsibilities are the primary purpose for which an officer is commissioned, it is also the soundest basis of leadership, discipline and the team spirit. With this in mind, the Air Ministry is preparing two pamphlets for issue to all officers and men. These will cover their duties and outlook, and the standards and customs of the Service.

In practice it will work out, for example, that an officer's responsibility is not simply to ensure that his men are efficient in their Service duties, but also to take an individual interest in their welfare. Consequently each officer will know that there are certain individual men who are his responsibility: in whom he will take an active interest. Conversely, every man will know that there is a specific officer to whom he can turn for advice or assistance, on either a Service or personal matter.

## This is only one aspect of the RAF's return to peace-time conditions, but so basic to the efficiency and happiness, indeed the future, of the Service that the Air Council, in a recent letter to all Air Officers Commanding-in-Chief drew particular attention to the need for junior officers to gain all the experience possible in "this most important part of their duties."

## Tomorrow's Problem

S 6 4  
H 8 5 3  
D 10 7  
C A Q J 9 5

8J H Q J 10 7 4 N S Q 8 3 2  
D 9 5 3 W E H 9 2  
C 10 7 4 2 S C 8 3

S A K 10 9 7  
H A K  
D A K Q 6  
C K 9

(Dealer: South, North-South vulnerable.)  
What is the trickiest lead West can make against South's 7-No Trumps, and why might it work against a pretty good player?

## Manila-U.S. Flight

San Francisco, Feb. 7. The Pan American Airways announced today that the clipper, "East Indian," landed at Honolulu Wednesday night, completing the 5,600-mile flight from Manila in 50 hours and 8 minutes.

Pan American expects to cover the 7,800 miles from Manila to San Francisco in 47 hours with the inauguration of its new Orient service Monday.

Wednesday's flight from Manila to Honolulu cut the current air travel time of 61 hours in half. This was accomplished by following the cannon-ball schedule eliminating overnight stops at Guam and Midway and substituting them with one hour refueling stops at Guam and Wake.—Associated Press.



## THE HONG KONG JOCKEY CLUB

NOTICE TO MEMBERS  
FIRST EXTRA RACE MEETING

Saturday, 8th February 1947.

The first bell will be rung at 1.30 p.m. and the first race will be run at 2.00 p.m.

Through numbers (8 Races—\$16) may be obtained at the Office of the Treasurers, 1st Floor, Exchange Building, also tickets for the Special Sweep (\$2.00) on the last race.

## MEMBERS' BADGES AND ENCLOSURE.

Members are reminded that they and their ladies MUST wear their badges prominently displayed throughout the Meeting.

NO ONE WITHOUT A BADGE WILL BE ADMITTED TO THE MEMBERS' ENCLOSURE.

Badges admitting non-members to the Members' Enclosure and Club Rooms at \$10.00 including tax are obtainable through the Secretary upon the written or personal introduction of a member, such member to be responsible for all chits, etc.

Badges admitting to Members' Enclosure will NOT be on sale at the RACE COURSE.

The Treasurers' Comptroller Office will close at 11 a.m. and the Secretary's Office at 11.45 a.m. Both Offices at 1st floor, Exchange Building.

A limited number of tickets will be obtainable at the Club House, provided they are ordered in advance from the No. 1 Box (Tel. 27818).

NO CHILDREN WILL BE ADMITTED TO THE CLUB'S PREMISES DURING THE MEETING.

## PUBLIC ENCLOSURE

The price of admission to the Public Enclosure is \$3 including tax for all persons including ladies, and is payable at the Gate.

Bookmakers, Tie Men, etc., will not be permitted to operate within the precincts of The Hong Kong Jockey Club during the Race Meeting.

Refreshments will be obtainable in the Restaurant in the Public Enclosure.

## SERVANTS' PASSES

Passes for Servants will be issued to Private Box holders ONLY on application to the Secretary, 1st Floor, Exchange Building.

Any persons found loitering with Servants' passes in their possession will forfeit the same and will be removed from the Enclosure.

By Order,

C. B. BROWN,  
Secretary.

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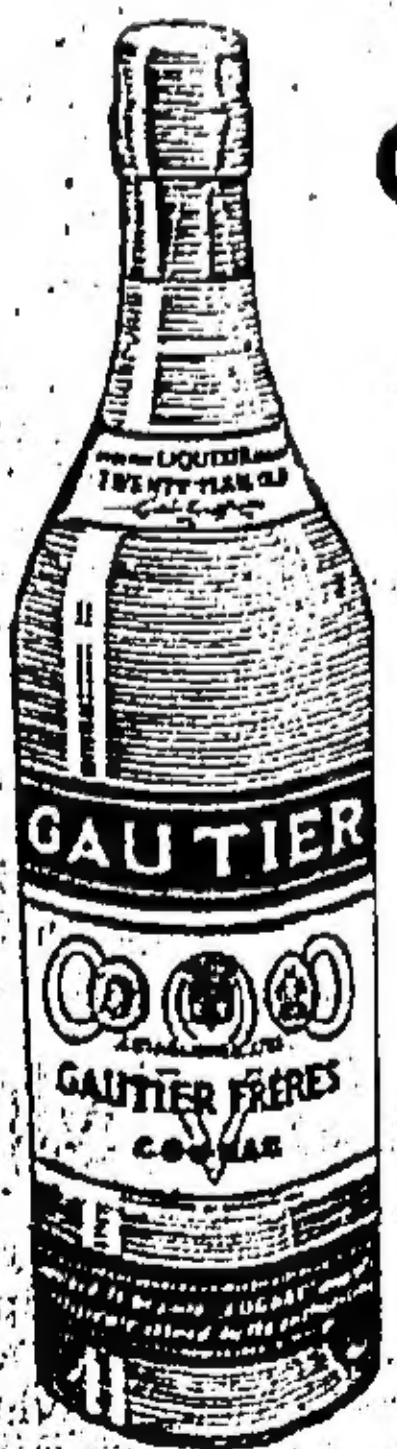
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405, 2 Queen's Rd. C., Hongkong.  
Telephone 23006/7.DEBATE ON PALESTINE  
Britain Obligated To Take Precautions  
Next Move Up To  
The Jews

London, Feb. 6.

A denial that the letter sent by the Chief Secretary of the Government of Palestine on February 3 to Mrs. Myerson and David Perez, chairman of the Vaas Leumi (Jewish National Council) was an ultimatum was made in the House of Commons today by Mr. Arthur Creech Jones, the Colonial Secretary.

He said it was "really no more than a request for an answer to a specific question." He added that the letter referred to the refusal of the Jewish Agency and the Jewish community to cooperate with the authorities.

He said the Chief Secretary's letter was not more than an attempt to get the minimum co-operation with the Jewish authorities which all communities offered as a matter of course in order that the framework of society might be maintained.

He denied "most emphatically" that the Palestine Government had been in any way connected with the pressure being put on Dov Gruner to appeal to the Privy Council.

Mr. Creech Jones said there had been threats of renewed activities by the terrorist organisations such as taking hostages if the death sentence was carried out. He declared:

"The authorities have no desire to impose a military repression on Palestine but the terrorist organisations have themselves said that there will be further outrages and that they will turn Palestine into a blood-bath if the sentence on Gruner is carried out."

He added: "In the light of past experience and in these circumstances, the administration has been obliged to take all necessary precautions for the safety of the British community in Palestine while as far as possible avoiding any action which might cause the situation still further to deteriorate. As has already been announced in the House of Lords, the authorities have decided to evacuate other British civilians in order that the Government and armed forces may not be hampered in their task of maintaining order."

## Deep Regret

"The civil administration will be maintained as far as possible on normal lines and limitations on the movement of civilians will be the minimum which the situation demands. The military and civil authorities have done everything in their power to reduce inconvenience to the civilians concerned to a minimum and the Palestine authorities and His Majesty's Government express their deep regret that it should have been necessary to add to the already heavy burden of members of the administration, the police and their services."

"Arrangements are in progress for the accommodation of evacuees in London," he said.

Referring to the commercial community in Palestine, Mr. Creech Jones said the cases of commercial personnel were being individually considered by the authorities and agreement reached with the heads of business houses concerned.

"Arrangements have been made for the concentration of necessary civilian personnel within definite cantonments in various areas of Palestine and these must also cause a great disturbance and hardship to the members of the Arab and Jewish communities who have seen their houses and property requisitioned."

"I can only express regret that it should have been necessary to take these measures. The steps so far taken are necessary if effective military action is to be carried out. I must make it clear that it is not the Palestine authorities or His Majesty's Government who are trying to bring conflict into Palestine or to use the present situation as justification for limiting civil liberty."

"Our sole endeavour is to maintain peace and good order in Palestine." (Cheers).

Mr. Sidney Silverman (Labour) asked if it was true that the Jewish community in Palestine had offered to root out terrorism by the use of its own institutions, which so far they were not allowed to use?

Did the administration now propose to accept the offer, which went far beyond the request made by the administration?

Up To The Jews.

Mr. Creech Jones replied that it was now for the Jewish community to declare what steps

they were prepared to take to deal with terrorism.

Mr. Kenneth Pickthorn (Conservative) asked whether other Jewish organisations or societies had been consulted beside the Jewish Agency in a formal sense? Was not the Jewish Agency recognised as a public body to advise and cooperate and ought it not, therefore, now to have recognition withdrawn?

Mr. Creech Jones said it was true that under the mandate there had been certain obligations to cooperate with the administration. A request had now been made to the Jewish Agency to declare what its attitude was in regard to the rooting out of terrorism.

He was not clear, he added, whether Mr. Pickthorn was referring in his first question to the Jewish organisation in Palestine or in Britain. If it was in Palestine, it was not only the Jewish Agency which was approached, but also the Jewish National Council, which, he gathered, was representative of all sections of Jewish opinion in Palestine.

## Accommodation

Replying to Earl Winterton (Conservative), Mr. Creech Jones said the Government had taken responsibility for finding accommodation for the people brought home from Palestine. The first party would be arriving tonight. Satisfactory hotel accommodation had been found, and he thought everything possible would be done to assist them.

Mr. Barnett Janner, Chairman of the Zionist Federation

## TWO-TERMS ONLY

Washington, Feb. 6.  
A proposed amendment to the United States constitution limiting Presidents to a maximum of two terms was approved by the House of Representatives tonight.  
A roll call vote gave the measure 285 votes to 121, or 14 more than necessary for the two-thirds majority. It now goes before the Senate.  
—Reuter.Oxford's  
Battle Of  
Sex Over

Oxford, Feb. 6.

The protocol appeared to have won the battle of sex at Oxford today.

Alan Bessley, author of a questionnaire enquiring into the sexual experience of Oxford coeds, resigned as editor of the undergraduate magazine "Cherwell."

Before submitting his resignation, Bessley penned 1,200 letters of apology to the coeds, including the woman Don who got a questionnaire by mistake. The "Cherwell" will continue to be banned until next month.  
—United Press.

of Great Britain, asked if it was a fact that the Jewish Agency was designated to assist the mandatory power to facilitate the immigration of Jewish people, and was Mr. Creech Jones aware that no power was vested in the Agency or Jewish community? Would he test them with now powers so that they might be able to assist in this matter?

Mr. Creech Jones replied: "We are not concerned at the moment with vesting the Agency with new powers. We are asking if the Jewish community will cooperate with the authorities in dealing with criminal practices."—Reuter.

Welsh  
Home Rule  
Demands

London, Feb. 7.

Welsh nationalism, potent factor in British history since the first Norse invaders swept across the island, is steadily rising again behind demands for semi-independence from British rule.

The Liberal Party has begun a campaign supporting Welsh aspirations apparently in an effort to gain electoral strength in its increasing drive to regain a position of Government influence.

Welsh feeling rose sharply recently after the Government rejected demands by Welsh Members of Parliament for a separate Secretary of State for Wales. Since then Welsh nationalist candidates have gained broader support.

The Liberals in their bid for Welsh support, which reached a high point under Mr. Lloyd George, have campaigned for a separate Welsh administrative officer and for a Welsh legislature.

The Liberal Party recently approved a resolution saying it was aiming "at devolution of Welsh affairs to a Welsh legislative body so as to enable the Welsh nation to take its rightful place in the union of British peoples." — Associated Press.

Breach Of  
Promise  
Case Fails

London, Feb. 6.

A breach of promise action brought by 24-year old Miss Pamela Audrey Keble, an ex-Wren, against former Royal Air Force Squadron-Leader Geoffrey Parker, was dismissed in the High Court today by Mr. Justice Lewis, with costs.

Parker maintained that the engagement was broken off by mutual agreement and the judge upheld this defence.

Mr. Justice Lewis, in reviewing the evidence, said: "The women in the Wrens did a wonderful job in the war and they were entitled to get what innocent and proper fun they could."

"They and officers of the Royal Navy and Royal Air Force were thrown much in contact and nobody blamed them."—Reuter.

Nazis Planned To  
Bump Off Stalin

London, Feb. 6.

A plan to assassinate Generalissimo Stalin by the Special Duty Service of the German Luftwaffe, flying in patched-up British and United States aircraft, was disclosed by the Air Ministry today.

The information released by the Ministry was obtained from captured top secret documents and from information supplied by Colonel Baumbach, former commander of the Special Duty Service.

"Full details of this attempt will never be known," said the Air Ministry spokesman.

In addition to their plans to kill the Soviet leader, the Special Duty Service explored the possibilities of flights to the United States, which never got beyond the stage of discussion, and organised the wholesale dropping of agents in Russia, France, Britain and Italy.

The peak month for agent dropping was July, 1944, when more than 200 were dropped; over an eight-month period more than 600 men and women were landed.

Some of the aircraft used on these flights were patched-up Flying Fortresses and Liberators, which had crashed in Germany.

"Werewolves"

The Air Ministry stated: "One of the last assignments given to Kampf Geschwader 200 was the evacuation of important persons from burning Berlin. After this, they tried to find 1,000 radio operators for underground work with Werewolves, but this plan failed miserably."

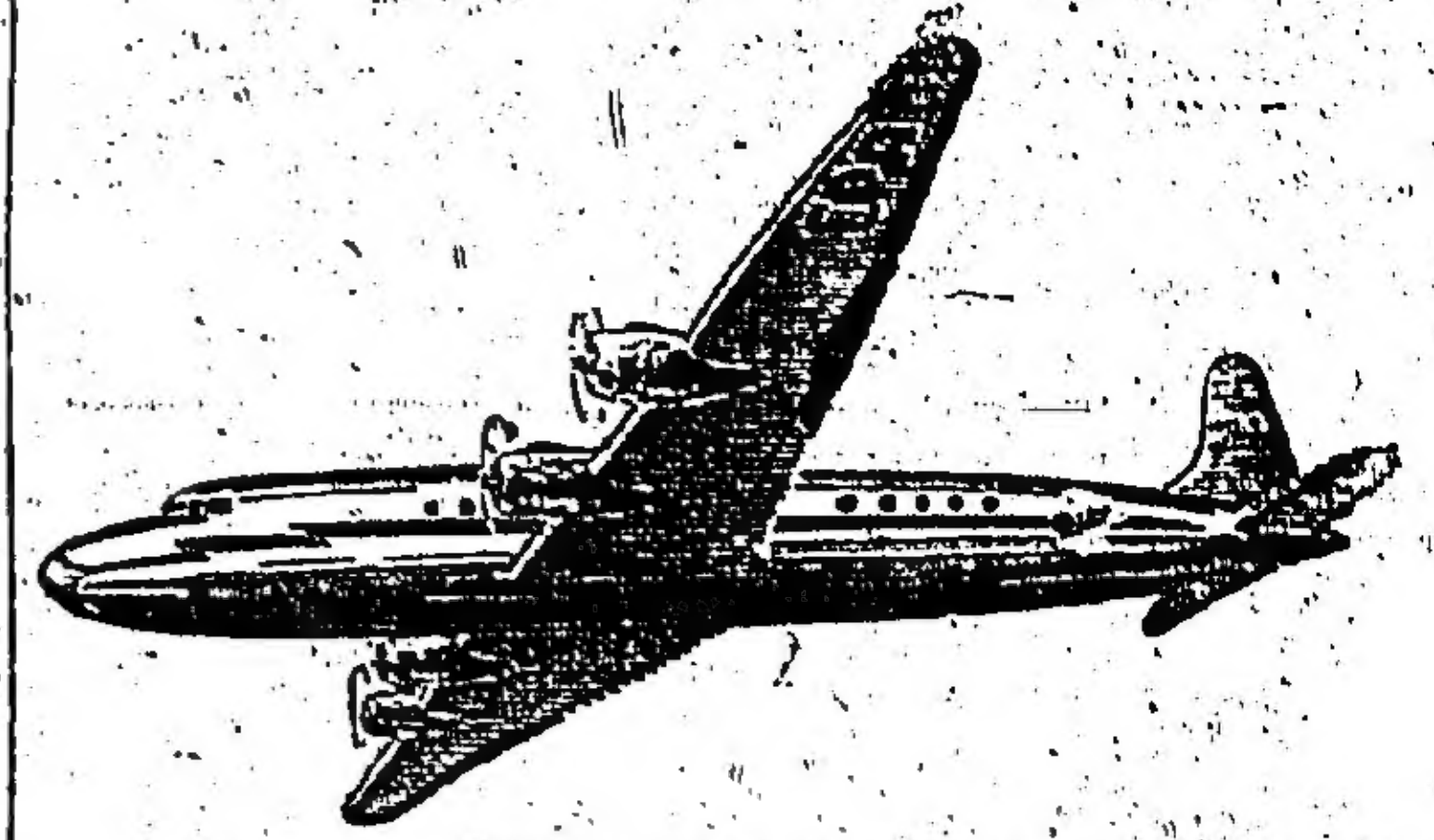
The Service had a "Suicide Squad" which piloted rockets on the initial stage of their flights to Britain, bailing out after setting the steering mechanism.

Baumbach was a stunt flyer before the war.—Reuter.

ROYAL PARTY  
CHEERED

Sydney, Feb. 6.

Large crowds, with women predominating, were at the quay when the "Rangitiki" left on Thursday carrying the Duchess of Gloucester and her sons, Prince William and Prince Richard, home to England. Women scrambled for pieces of the streamers thrown to the crowd by the Duchess and cheered the Royal party as the ship moved out.—Associated Press.



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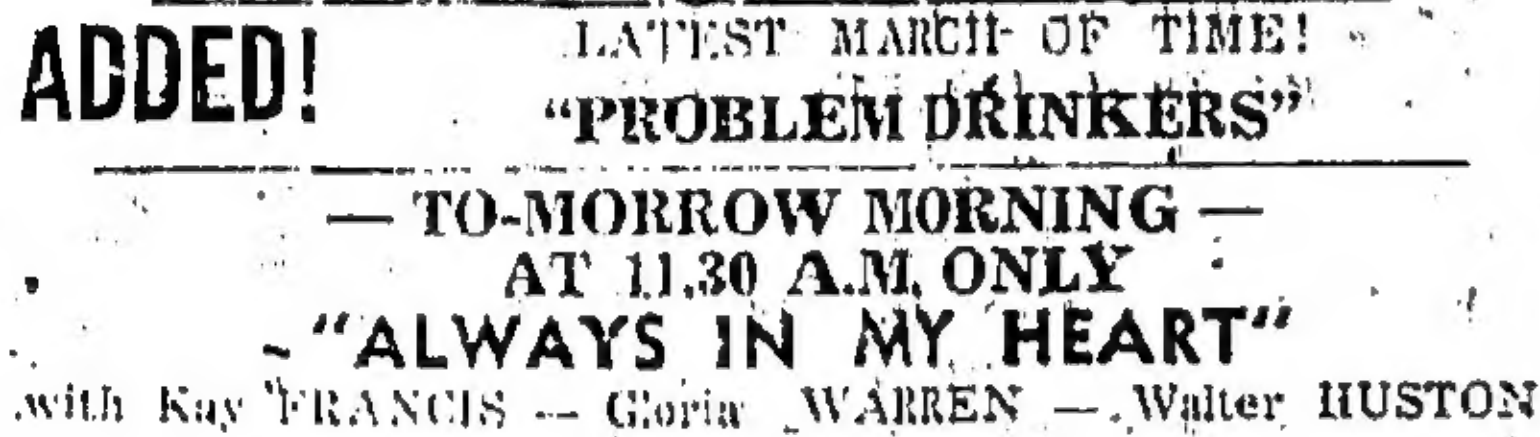
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**Yesterday's Crossword**

**ACROSS:**—3. Momentum; 8. Wood; 9. Careful; 11. Corroded; 12. Jost; 15. Thursday; 18. Taxpayer; 19. Rely; 21. Selected; 25. Commodore; 26. Kite; 27. Respects.

**DOWN:**—1. Chic; 2. Moor; 4. Qwed; 5. Eyed; 6. Tense; 7. Mult; 9. Coast; 10. Relax; 12. Octre; 14. Scene; 16. Dared; 17. Ypres; 19. Recur; 20. Lumps; 21. Save; 22. Left; 23. Toil; 24. Duel.

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## Eight Events In Today's Races

(By "Rapier")

Racing will be resumed at the Valley this afternoon, when the Hong Kong Jockey Club will conduct their First Extra Race Meeting, the first saddling bell for which will be rung at 1-30 p.m. An attractive programme of eight events will be featured, the majority of which are specially reserved for ponies that have not won a race during the Annual Race Meeting.

The form of the ponies is now known to the racing public, and those who followed them during the three days of the Carnival should not find much difficulty in placing the right bets.

There is always the possibility, however, of a "strong" bet when least expected, though I am inclined to expect that they will dominate results.

### First Race

Wellington Handicap (Unofficial) 5 furlongs.

The opening race will be contested to Hong Kong Services Race Club Ponies, and eliminating the unlikely winners, I think the race should be decided between the following: Jacobus (Mr. Newman), Mayfair (Mr. Rowlands), Jackie (Mr. Gregory), and Autumn Rose (Mr. Hodgman). In the Stanley Handicap, over one mile, on the last day of the Carnival, Jacobus won convincingly and will naturally command the most support. Mayfair came in second in this race and may find the distance a bit too short for it. I cannot see it winning, but will probably be placed against Jackie, which was third, is well suited for this distance and a win here would not be surprising. Autumn Rose has been most disappointing in its previous races and on that account I think the best it can do is to take one of the minor positions.

### Second Race

Randwick Plate (First Section) 5 furlongs.

In this race, continued from Sub. of 1947, the race was won by a win and open to non-starters and ponies classified "C" Class. Runners should not have any difficulty in selecting the likely winner. I recommend Midnight Express (Mr. Wood), as it was included in the list of ponies which had originally been marked down as prospective winners. Why it has failed so far, I cannot understand, but among this lot, I think it should win. Lola Spola (Mr. Yuen), which did not start at the Annual Meeting, is looking a picture of fitness and I look to it to fill second place. For the third position Canary (Mr. Gregory) is my choice. Sunny (Mr. Rowlands) is the likely outsider.

### Third Race

Cockleigh Plate (First Section) 5 furlongs.

This race will be confined to the New Subs, that have not won and ponies classified "B" Class only. Judging by results, I expect the finish to revolve into a battle between the following: Wodonga (Mr. Boycott), Rose Emma (Mr. Ostroumoff), Red Fox (Mr. Gregory), and Hurricane (Mr. Rowlands). Wodonga came in second in the Valley Stakes (First Section) Six Furlongs, and a win is indicated here, but it will have to beat Rose Emma, which did extremely well in the Racing Stakes, when it was beaten into third place by a narrow margin. Red Fox was placed second in the Hay and Sun (First Section) but I am just afraid that it may find the mile distance a little too much. On the other hand, Hurricane, which came in second in the Nil Desperandum Stakes, if it keeps up in the early stages of the race may yet spring a surprise.

### Fourth Race

Randwick Plate (Second Section) 5 furlongs.

This is the second section of the race for 1947, that have not won and open to non-starters and ponies classified "C" Class. Looking over the entries, the result will be decided between the following: National Congress (Mr. Wood), Crown Witness (Mr. Ching), Cooper (Mr. Ostroumoff), and Jinx (Mr. Gregory). National Congress is undoubtedly the best pony here and, on form, should have no difficulty in accounting for this race. Crown Witness has a chance of jockey will be in the running but may find strong opposition from Cooper. Jinx should be worth considering in a race of this kind as a good star may prove the deciding factor.

### Fifth Race

Broadmead Handicap 5 furlongs.

I consider this race to be the tip-off of the afternoon, as it will be contested by "A" Class Australian ponies with a proviso that winners of \$7,500 or more in

## Today's Rugger

The following is today's Rugby programme: Club "A" v 2nd Bn. The Buffs (Club Ground at 3.15 p.m.) 3 Club B v Rest of Colony (Club Ground at 4.15 p.m.)

Rest of Colony: Henderson (Club); Weller (Club); Webster (R.A.F.); Smithers (Navy); Williams (Navy); Thompson (Navy); Downard (R.A.F.); Colchester (Club); McWhirter (Club); Bond (Navy); Oliver (Police); Walmesley (R.A.F.); Wright (Navy); Taylor (Club); Captain; Graham (Club).

Referee: Inst. Comm. Hughes.

## INTERNATIONAL ATHLETICS

Great Britain will meet France in the annual international athletic meet in Paris on Sunday, Sept. 7.

When the two countries met in London last August Britain were victors.

The British Amateur Athletic Board has declined with regret the application for a match in London this year from the Norwegian Athletic Association.

## DOCKYARD TEAM

The following will represent Dockyard F.C. against South China in a 2nd Division football match at Navy Ground tomorrow.

Finch, Andis and Colgate, Stewart, Hamby, and Paman, Isherwood, Stevens, Bligh, Evans and Douglas.

## French Reds Oppose Pact With Britain

Paris, Feb. 6.

The French Communist Party, which has four Ministers in the Government, today came out in opposition to signing a proposed treaty of alliance between France and Britain under the conditions foreseen in the agreement reached in London last month between M. Blum and Mr. Attlee.

Communist insistence on first settling outstanding differences of view over Germany, runs counter to the Blum-Attlee communiqué issued after the London agreement, and represents a hardening of the Communist attitude compared with the declaration made to Reuters yesterday by the Communist Vice-President of the Cabinet, M. Maurice Thorez.

M. Thorez then declared that he approved the Blum-Attlee communiqué, except for the reasons given for delaying an increase in French imports of Ruhr coal.

Many sections of French opinion will agree with the Communist attitude, particularly as regards coal deliveries. Failure to fix a definite percentage of German coal to go to France was regarded as a weakness in the Blum-Attlee agreement.

This is regarded as all the more important, since it is expected that Russian insistence at the forthcoming Moscow Foreign Ministers conference on Germany on fixing large reparations out of current German production will tend towards drawing still larger quantities of Ruhr coal into German industry, rather than towards export.

## Walt And See

In London British reaction to today's decision of the French Communist Party is likely to be one of wait-and-see.

## Selections For Today

(By "Rapier")

Race No. 1. Jacobus Jackie. Outrider: Autumn Rose. Race No. 2. Midnight Express Lola Spola. Outrider: Sunny.

Race No. 3. Wodonga Rose Emma. Outrider: Hurricane. Race No. 4. National Congress Crown Witness. Outrider: Jinx.

Race No. 5. Bashful Beauty Air Borne. Outrider: Sookwipata. Race No. 6. Lily Elmer. Outrider: Sunshine.

Race No. 7. Whirlaway White Dragon. Outrider: V-J Day. Race No. 8. Shannon Sunny. Outrider: Souvenir.

## Keeping Tabs On Foreigners

Canton, Feb. 6.

The Kwantung Provincial Government notified all city and district authorities within the Province today that instructions have been received from the National Government in Nanking, stipulating that the registration of foreign residents in China had been transferred from the jurisdiction of the National Ministry of Defense to that of the National Ministry of Interior.

It is also stressed that from January, 1947, the police authorities in every city and district are now required to submit to the Ministry of Interior a monthly report on the number of foreign residents and their personal details, living in their respective areas.

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## CLUB SOCCER TEAMS

The following will represent Club football teams this week end:

1st Team v St. Joseph's at Sookwipata at 4 p.m. Lock, Strange and Strange, Hopkinson, Farrow and Beck, Fowler, Mullen, Redman, Blackford and Knox.

2nd Team v Sing Tao at Navy Ground on Sunday at 4 p.m. Cation, Darby and Elan, Herli, Wyper and Ossinger, Hamby, Fouldard, Gardner, Fildstad and Barker.

Reserves: Roscoe, Fowler.

## MCC EMERGES WITH A CREDITABLE DRAW

(By Norman Preston)

## CNAC, CATC Operations Officers To Resign?

Shanghai, Feb. 7.

Top operations officers in China's two airways—CNAC and the CATC—are threatening to resign after the Shanghai District Court disclosed today they are liable to charges of manslaughter for plane crashes.

The CATC operations chief, Capt. Moon Chin, who was formerly Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek's personal pilot and who piloted the late Wendell Willkie in his round-the-world plane through China and New Guinea after the Tokyo raid, received today a court notification which listed his colleagues, as well as CNAC operations chief, American Captain H. L. Woods, and colleagues as persons also chargeable.

Information from the court said the Procurator had dropped prosecution of these men on charges of "negligence, causing death" in connection with a series of air crashes since "Black Christmas" because of a Government amnesty order issued in celebration of the constitution adoption. Under the law, such charges are punishable by jail terms ranging from three to five years.

Meanwhile, following receipt of a Communications Ministry order to resume its international service immediately, CNAC is preparing to restart regular flights to Manila, Calcutta and Hongkong on Monday, using DC-4 "Sky-master" instead of C-47s or C-46s.

CNAC officials also disclosed a search plane still was attempting to make positive identification of the C-47 sighted in mountains 100 miles south of Chungking, which was believed to be the CNAC plane missing since January 25 en route to Chungking from Canton with 19 aboard, including the pilot, Capt. Blackmore.—United Press.

## China Crash

Chungking, Feb. 7.

A C-47 transport of the Chinese Air Force made a forced landing at Shantung, 20 kilometres from Chungking, yesterday afternoon. The plane was on a scheduled trip from Sian to Chungking.

The casualties are not known but it is believed that the pilot was seriously injured and some members of the crew killed.—Central News.

## Bonus For Foreign Exchange

Shanghai, Feb. 7.

Chinese banks are awaiting clarification from the Finance Ministry whether the 100 per cent bonus paid for foreign exchange surrendered by Chinese exporters should be applied to remittances to China from Chinese overseas.

It is pointed out that many Chinese residents abroad are reluctant to remit funds home through regular channels due to the considerable difference between the official rate of CN\$3,350 to US\$1 and the black market rate which opened at CN\$3,100 today. If it is given a 100 per cent bonus to each US dollar it will pay CN\$3,700 and thus encourage Chinese overseas to remit through proper channels instead of resorting to smuggling and mailing.—United Press.

## COLLABORATORS' PROPERTIES

Macao, Feb. 6.

Colonel Cheng Yan-po, of the Generalissimo's Headquarters in Canton and of the Alien Properties Control Administration, interviewed by the United Press after his return from Canton, said that all Japanese and Chinese collaborators' properties already confiscated in Macao would be handed over to

As only one wicket fell on the sixth and final day, England instead of suffering a hollow defeat as seemed probable on Wednesday night emerged from the fourth Test with a creditable draw.

The final day was one of the most thrilling of the series though it provided a feast of runs in a "bowlers' graveyard" as the Adelaide Oval is known. Altogether the match yielded an aggregate of 1,502 runs while only 29 wickets fell, an average of nearly 52 runs per wicket.

The drawn match means that England's chance of cutting even in the rubber has gone and that the fifth and final Test will be limited to six days. In this respect, one feels glad that the last game will not be played in a finish.

I am convinced of the benefit to the game of limited time in Australia. The fight against the clock in these last two drawn games at Melbourne and Adelaide has produced some grand and clever cricket.

This match was full of incident, one batsman on each side, Denis Compton and Arthur Morris, accomplishing the rare feat of hitting a century in each innings. But for a mistake by Don Tallon the match might have had a most exciting finish.

Play had been in progress for only 30 minutes when Tallon missed an easy chance of stumping Evans off Dooland. The total was then 282 and Compton only 60—he went on to make 103.

Compton's Innings. It was not the number of runs which Australia sacrificed through Tallon's error so much as the valuable time England gained, for only Wright was left to come in.

The unfinished ninth wicket stand of 85 by Compton and Evans completely changed the complexion of the game. Not only did it practically ensure England against defeat, but after Hammond's closure it gave England a possible chance of forcing a victory if the bowlers were able to capture early wickets.

Hammond must have weighed up carefully the appropriate moment to declare and by waiting until one ball was delivered after lunch he robbed Australia of a valuable quarter of an hour, which might have been sufficient to inspire them to go all out for victory.

On the individual side, Compton's feat was not comparable with the great service he rendered England in his hour of need. He put his team first. His restraint was remarkable. With full knowledge of the effect his dismissal would have on the game, Compton resented a straight bat in all forward and defensive strokes, except those well wide of the stumps.

## Evans A Surprise

Bradman used all his bowlers today, except Johnson, and the Middlesex man faced them all with utmost serenity. He was wise to the wiles of the leg spinners, unafraid of Toshack's leg trap and unperturbed by the pace of Lindwall and Miller.

Evans' part in this wonderful stand was equally heroic and his stylish and impenetrable defence surprised most people.

Australia began their innings needing an average of 95 runs per hour. Harvey has the reputation of a dashing batsman; in fact, his eagerness to score early has led to his downfall several times this season. Today, although he received less attack than Morris his methods tended more to protection of his wicket than enterprising stroke play.

In the circumstances, if Bradman really desired to accept Hammond's challenge, he might have sent in Hassett or Miller with Morris.

## Second Bardsley

Morris, in equaling Bardsley's 38-year-old record for Australia of a hundred in each innings, batted more freely the representative of the Central Trust by him in accordance with Government instructions.

The APCA will be closed. Col. Cheng revealed, and he will remain in this colony until further instructions.

## Britain Boycotts Polish Parliament

London, Feb. 6.

A Foreign Office spokesman today confirmed that the British Ambassador to Warsaw was instructed to refrain from attending the opening session of the new Polish Parliament.

He said the instructions presumably were designed to show Britain's "disapproval of the manner in which this Parliament came into being."

The spokesman said British dissatisfaction with the Polish elections "may have some effect" upon Britain's decision on whether to give final confirmation to the new Polish western border incorporating 40,000 square miles of former German territory into Poland.

He confirmed that Foreign Secretary Bevin last week saw Professor Grabski, Polish envoy, who came here to sound out feelings on the border question; the spokesman would not confirm nor deny reports that Bevin assured him of Britain's support for Poland's claim. Other reports said the assurances would not affect the attitude.

The Foreign Office would not indicate when Mr. Cavendish Bentinck would return from Warsaw or what his new job would be, but the spokesman said documents had been received from Warsaw giving Polish allegations of his alleged underground connections.—United Press.

## Much Barracking

Hardly had the applause for Compton died down than Morris gave up the chase and Bradman, after a hesitant start, took up the role of run-getter, so that the game, which was full of meat in the opening overs, ended in a tame and lifeless manner and spectators, justifiably irked, barracked during the last hour.

Can the game ever be improved? Yes, when somebody evolves an idea of fortifying averages and records.

Australia won the Ashes and the series, but in contrast to all the matches played at Adelaide since World War I, the joy of the game was missing today.—Reuter.

## BREAK IN COLD WAVE EXPECTED

(Continued from Page 1)

today and tomorrow—United Press.

## Buenos Aires

Buenos Aires, Feb. 7.

At least nine were killed and 35 injured when a violent wind and rain storm struck the Buenos Aires area shortly after midnight on Wednesday.

It is feared the death toll will be greater when communications are reestablished and final reports are in.—United Press.

## Middle West

Chicago, Feb. 6.

A two-pronged cold wave knifed its way into the Middle West from Canada, while softening rains whipped up ripples of dust in the "bread basket" of the United States, threatening severe damage to the wheat crop.

The cold also threatens Florida's multi-million dollar citrus crop. The nation's coldest spot today was International Falls, Minnesota, where the mercury dipped to 13 degrees below zero.—United Press.

## Niagara Falls

Niagara Falls, Feb. 6.

The flow over the American Falls diminished almost three-fourths when ice jammed upstream rapids. Residents here have the American side of the cataract lit up entirely dry if the present west wind and cold wave continue.—United Press.

## RADIO

ZBW Hong Kong broadcasting on a frequency of 845 kilocycles and from 12.30 to 1.15 p.m., 6.30 to 7.30 p.m., and 9 to 11 p.m. also on 6.52 megacycles.—H.K.T.

12.30 p.m.—Daily Programme Summary.  
12.30 p.m.—London Transmission Service "Accent on Rhythm."  
12.47 p.m.—Billy May's at the Piano.  
1.00 p.m.—New Weather Report and Announcements.  
1.10 p.m.—Orchestral Interlude.  
1.15 p.m.—Variety.  
1.25 p.m.—Popular Light Classics.  
2.00 p.m.—Close Down.  
2.30 p.m.—London Transmission Service "Grand Hotel" with Sanderling and Palm Court Orchestra, with Sylvia Cell (Vocal).  
7.00 p.m.—London Relay: World News.  
7.10 p.m.—London Relay: Hope News from Britain.  
7.15 p.m.—Studio: "Bea To You" Record Commentary.  
7.25 p.m.—Interlude.  
7.30 p.m.—Studio: "Unit: Requiem" New Long Callin. No. 2 Commando Brigade.  
8.30 p.m.—London Relay: "Music-Mingling in the March" with Richard Murdoch, Kenneth Horne, and Others.  
9.00 p.m.—London Relay: News.  
9.10 p.m.—Studio: The Hong Kong Stage Club presents "Good Night Ladies" Directed and Produced by Donald Rudd and Desmond Scott.  
10.00 p.m.—Relay from the Hong Kong Hotel of "Pop Carols" directed by Desmond Scott.  
11.00 p.m.—Close Down.